

Auditor of State David A. Vaudt

"Budgeting - Iowa's Future" April 12, 2004

Presentation Objectives

- 1. Overview of the Fiscal Year 2005 Budget Proposals Governor's and Republicans'
- 2. Iowa's "Balanced" Budgets
- 3. Iowa's Spending Limitation
- 4. Auditor Vaudt's Recommendations
- 5. Questions and Answers Session

Remarks on Fiscal Year 2005 budget proposals focus on:

- Primary differences between the two budget proposals
- Concerns common to both budget proposals:
 - Lack of clarity
 - Lack of longer-range focus

State of Iowa General Fund Primary Differences in Budget Proposals

Republicans' plan:

- Spends \$177 million less
- Depletes the Cash Reserve Fund (CRF) of remaining \$159.6 million
- Utilizes <u>borrowings</u> since monies taken from CRF by law must be repaid
- Relies on an "economic recovery" Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) raised revenue growth estimates as follows:

FY2004 - from 1.2% to 1.8%

FY2005 - from 1.6% to 1.8%

State of Iowa General Fund Primary Differences in Budget Proposals

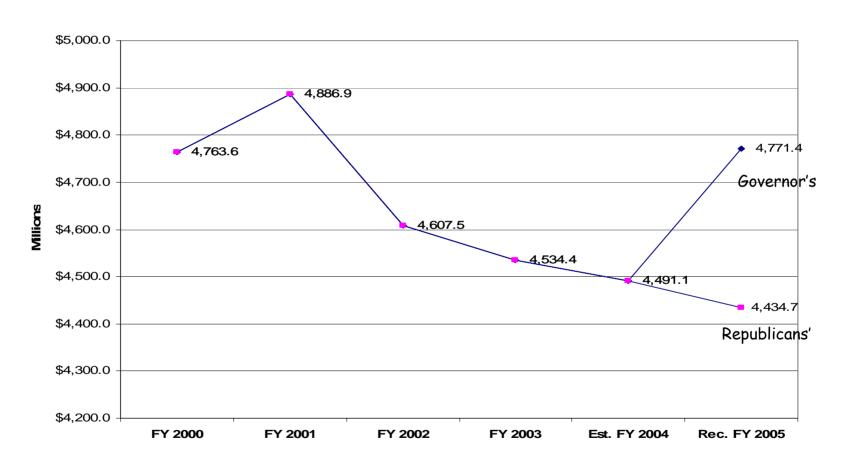
Governor's plan:

- Spends \$177 million more
- Increases taxes:

Cigarette and Tobacco Tax	\$108.0
Combined Corporate Reporting	25.0
Expanded Sales Tax Base	<u>208.3</u>
	\$341.3

 Increases debt by issuing \$300 million of bonds to fund Vision Iowa and Cultural and Tourism projects and various capital projects

State of Iowa General Fund Expenditures



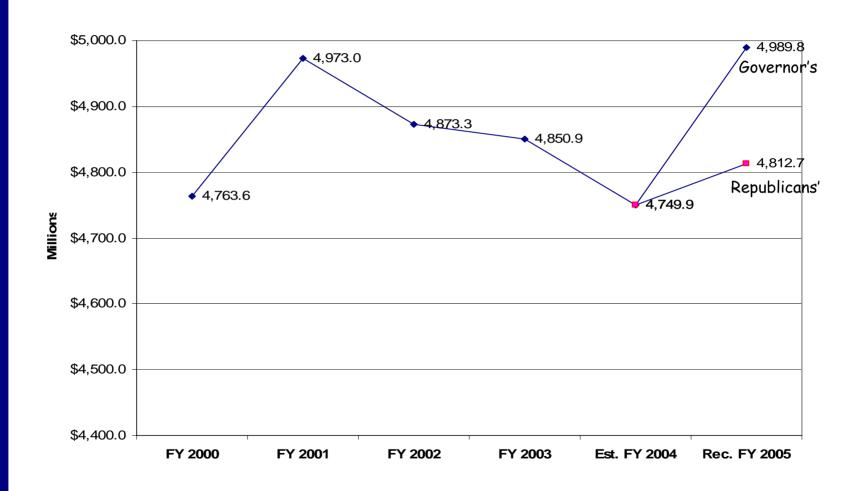
	Republicans' <u>Proposal</u>	Governor's <u>Proposal</u>	Increase Amount	(Decrease) Percentage
Fiscal Year 2005:				
Expenditures	\$4,434.7	\$4,771.4	\$(336.7)	(<u>7.1%</u>)
Expenditures Shifted	378.0	218.4	<u>159.6</u>	
"True Total Expenditures"	<u>\$4,812.7</u>	<u>\$4,989.8</u>	\$(<u>177.1</u>)	(<u>3.5%</u>)

	Republicans'	Governor's
Fiscal Year 2005: General Fund - <u>Expenditures</u>	\$4,434.7	\$4,771.4
Expenditures Shifted to: Cash Reserve Fund - For Property Tax Credits	159.6	0.0
Senior Living Trust Fund - For Medicaid	130.6	130.6
Tobacco Related Funds: For Medicaid & Substance Abuse For Debt Service Payments	51.4 28.9	51.4 28.9
Environment First Fund – For Soil Conservation and		
Park Operations	7.5	7.5
	378.0	218.4
General Fund - "True Total Expenditures"	\$4,812.7	\$4,989.8

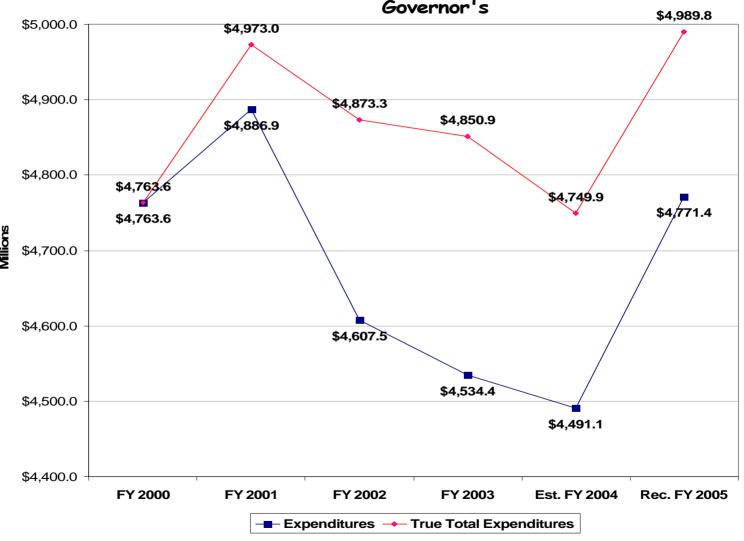
	<u>Expenditures</u>	Expenditures Shifted	"True Total Expenditures"
FY 2000	\$ 4,763.6	-	\$ 4,763.6
FY 2001	\$ 4,886.9	\$ 86.1	\$ 4,973.0
FY 2002	\$ 4,607.5	\$ 265.8	\$ 4,873.3
FY 2003	\$ 4,534.4	\$ 316.5	\$ 4,850.9
Est. FY 2004	\$ 4,491.1	\$ 258.8	\$ 4,749.9
Rec. FY 2005:			
Republicans'	\$ 4,434.7	\$ 378.0	\$ 4,812.7
Governor's	\$ 4,771.4	\$ 218.4	\$ 4,989.8

	<u>Expenditures</u>	"True Total <u>Expenditures"</u>
Republicans': FY 2005 v. FY 2000	\$ (328.9)	\$ 49.1
Percentage	(6.9%)	1.0%
Governor's: FY 2005 v. FY 2000	\$ 7.8	\$ 226.2
Percentage	0.2%	4.7%

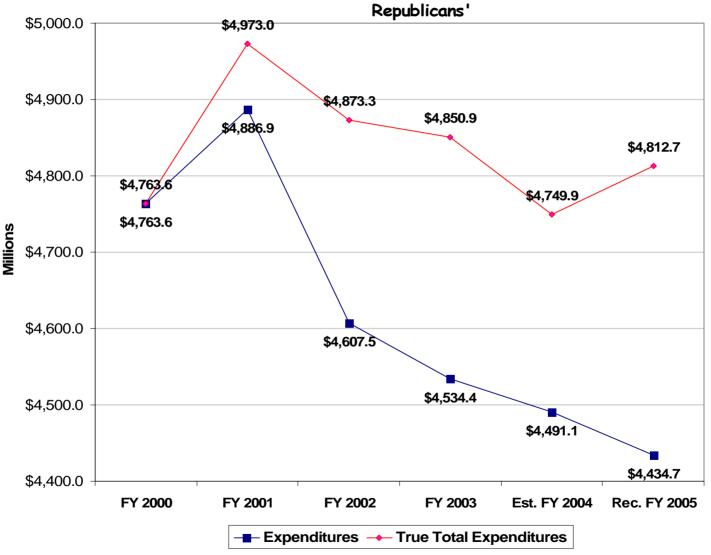
State of Iowa General Fund "True Total Expenditures"



State of Iowa General Fund Appropriations Governor's

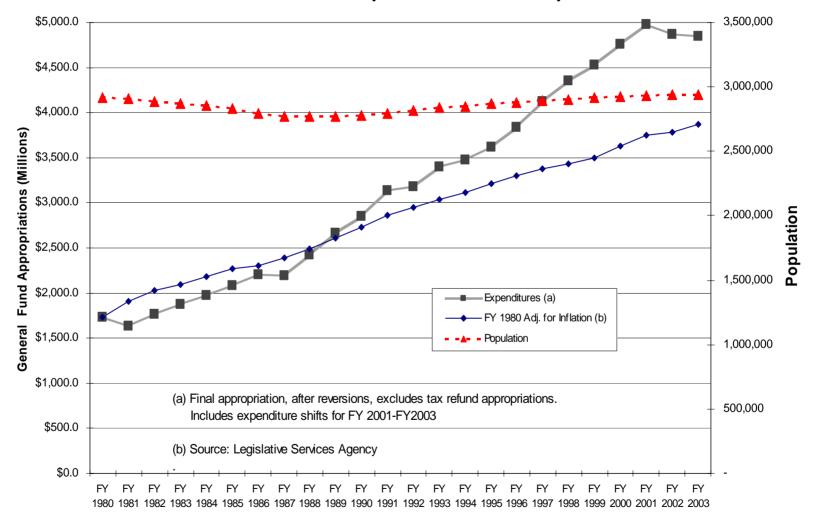


State of Iowa General Fund Appropriations Republicans'



State of Iowa

General Fund Expenditures and Population



State of Iowa General Fund Expenditures

FY1980 to FY2003

Inflation <u>122.9%</u>

"True Total Expenditures" 179.7%

State of Iowa General Fund Expenditures Breakdown of Iowa's Population 1980-2001

	<u>1980</u>	<u>2001</u>
Age 0-19	32%	28%
Age 20-64	55%	57%
Age 65+	13%	15%
Total	2,914,019	2,931,758

- Most of the focus has been on revenues <u>spending</u>
 <u>is the issue</u> expenditures have grown significantly
 greater than inflation since the mid-1990's.
- The expenditure growth of the last few years is not sustainable.
- Key solution we need clarity in the budgeting process - it is critical that budget decisions be based upon valid, meaningful comparisons based upon "true total expenditures."

Once you sort through the lack of clarity, what's the bottom line on the budget proposals?

Both budget proposals fall short of what Iowans deserve.

Why?

- Both budget proposals ignore the need for a sound and reasonable long-range financial plan for Iowa
- Without a long-range financial plan, it is impossible to appropriately evaluate the alternatives offered in the budget proposals:
 - increased borrowings?
 - increased taxes?
 - long-term impact of each?
- We cannot continue to make budget decisions in a "one-year vacuum" without considering the long-term impact.

State of Iowa General Fund Lack of Longer-Range Focus

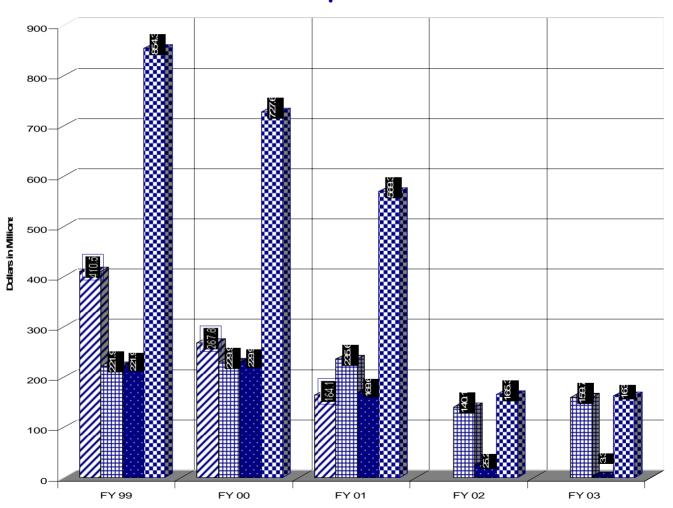
- Primary focus is balancing the current year budget
- Ignores the impact of current year budget decisions on future years

Iowa's lack of a longer-range focus has severely impacted our financial condition.

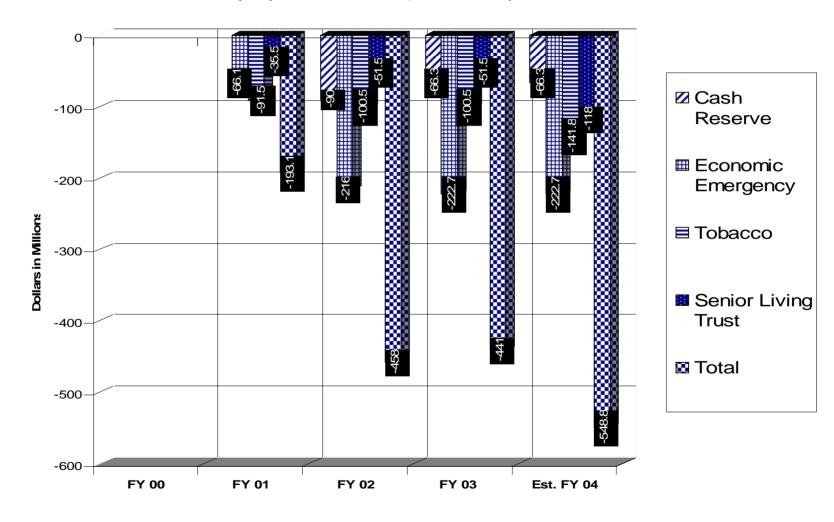
Iowa's "Balanced" Budgets

- Depleted cash surplus
- Raided other funds and special accounts
- Committed to repay certain amounts
- Not addressed repayment for other amounts

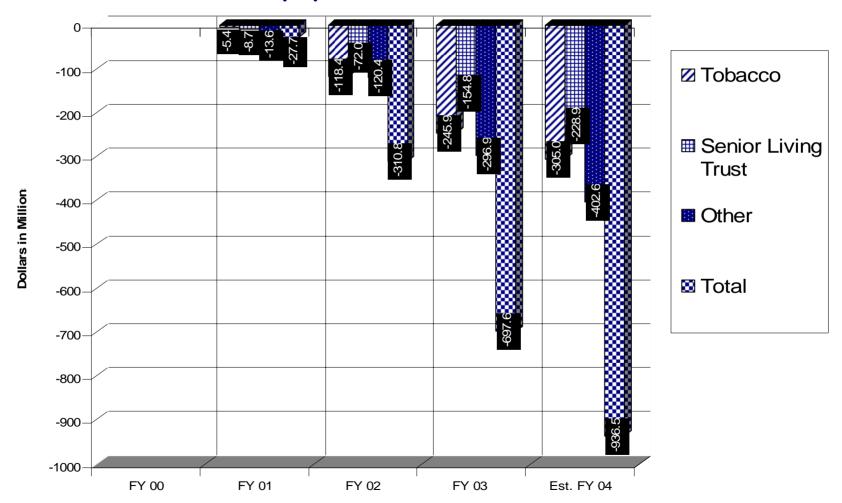
State of Iowa General Fund Cash Surplus and Reserves



State of Iowa General Fund Repayments Required by Law



State of Iowa General Fund Other Revenue Transfers & Expenditures Shifts Repayment Not Addressed



What Does It All Mean?

- Spent alarming \$1.9 billion more than revenue stream
 - Over \$400 million cash surplus spent
 - \$1.5 billion taken from other funds and special accounts
- Borrowings at June 30, 2004 \$550 million
- Additional \$930 million repayment not addressed
- Cash flow borrowing in Fiscal Year 2004

Iowa's Spending Limitation

- Ended with a budget deficit in 2 of last 3 years
- Fiscal Year 2003 deficit was \$46 million
- Lots of focus on Revenue Estimating Conference (REC)
- REC estimated revenue within + or -2% last 8 fiscal years

Iowa's Spending Limitation (continued)

- Real issue is spending
- Fiscal Year 2003 \$2 million cushion on \$4.5 billion
 General Fund budget
- Spending limitation of 99% not real limitation
- Fiscal Year 2004 \$3.8 million cushion on \$4.5 billion
 General Fund budget

Auditor Vaudt's Recommendations

- Expenditures must be in line with revenues, not revenues in line with expenditures
- Take serious steps toward implementing good budgeting principles
 - Align revenues and expenditures in same fiscal year
 - Eliminate reliance on one-time and limited-time resources for on-going expenditures
 - Incorporate a longer-range focus into the budgeting process

Auditor Vaudt's Recommendations (continued)

- Enhance clarity of the budget set forth the "true total General Fund expenditures"
- Consider a two-year budget
- Develop a long-range plan (3 to 5 years) set specific financial goals and establish timelines

 bring joint Executive and Legislative committee together
- Implement a <u>real spending limitation</u> 99% or 98%
- Set a timeline and repayment schedule for the monies borrowed from other funds and special accounts

Long-range Concern:

The FY 2005 budget recommendations make no mention of the almost \$550 million that has been borrowed and is required to be repaid.

Estimated FY 2004 Cumulative Balances:

Cash Reserve Fund	\$ 66.3
Economic Emergency Fund	222.7
Tobacco Related Funds	141.8
Senior Living Trust Fund	<u>118.0</u>
	\$548.8

These borrowings started in FY 2001 - this is FY 2004, but a repayment plan has still not been developed.

FY 2005 (Republicans') recommends borrowing another \$160 million from Cash Reserve Fund.

What must be done?

Develop and implement a repayment plan--now.

Long-range Concern:

The FY 2005 budget recommendations make no mention of another over \$930 million taken from over 30 different funds and special accounts where repayment has never been addressed.

Estimated FY 2004 Cumulative Balances:

Tobacco Related Funds	\$300*
Senior Living Trust Fund	230*
Other funds and special accounts	<u>400</u> \$930

^{*}These amounts are <u>in addition</u> to the amounts required to be repaid to these funds.

FY 2005 (Governor's and Republicans') recommends taking <u>another \$220</u> <u>million</u>.

What must be done?

- Evaluate funds and special accounts raided viable without repayment? priority program?
- Decide which amounts will be repaid.
- Inform the taxpayers of Iowa which amounts will not be repaid and the consequences.
- Develop and implement a repayment plan, as applicable.

What Can You Do?

Stay informed

Communicate with your Legislators:

House 515-281-3221

Senate 515-281-3371

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Questions & Answers Session